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KARL GUSTAVE LIMPRICHT. SECOND PART.

BY JOHN M. HOLZINGER.

Since writing the above (see *THE BRYOLOGIST* for January, 1903,) I have received the following data, which will correct and enlarge our knowledge regarding Mr. Limpricht. For this information I am indebted to Dr. Paul Richter, editor of the entire work of Rabenhorst's *Cryptogamen-Flora*, to whom all moss students will be grateful for so much interesting information about the author in question.

My question having been addressed to Mr. Eduard Kummer, the publisher, regarding the completion of the *Laubmoose*, Dr. Richter informs me, first, that the work will be brought to a fitting close by the son, Dr. Wolfgang Limpricht, who is also a botanist. The work yet to be finished includes the supplements to half of Volume II., and to all of Volume III. For this there are in hand many drawings by the author. Then will come the index including synonyms for the entire work, which the author's son will also furnish.

Part 38 is now in press and will be published before the end of the year (1902). It contains supplementary data to parts 14-26, that is, to Volume II. Next year (1903) part 39 will close the entire work, and an additional number will contain the general index.

The following additional data are of interest. Mr. Limpricht was the son of a gardener and nursery owner in Eckersdorf near Sagan in Prussian Silesia. From 1853 to 1856 he completed his studies in the Normal School of Bunzlau, Silesia. With the recommendation of ranking first in his class he found a position as teacher in Obergläserdorf near Lüben in Silesia. In 1858 he was called to teach in the higher Ladies' Seminary in Bunzlau, where he found leisure to delve with zeal and with success into the study of the natural sciences. Much inspiration in his efforts came to him from his Normal School teacher, subsequently Privy Counsellor, W. Prange, the well-known Silesian botanist, R. von Wechtritz, and Professor Göppert in Breslau. From these men he received much encouragement to take up botanical studies, and it was through their influence that he was in 1869 given the position of teacher of the natural sciences in the higher schools in Breslau. Here he was in 1871 introduced into the study of mosses by Professor J. Milde. From that time on this was to be his special field of labor.

At the University in Breslau he found further incentive to scientific pursuits in his friendly association with Professors Göppert and Ferdinand Cohn, both original investigators who in their special lines in Botany command leading positions. Besides his principal work as teacher in the High School he was special instructor in the descriptive natural sciences in a special school at Breslau for improving teachers and preceptresses, also custodian for the Silesian Society for Popular Culture. He was also a corresponding member in several scientific societies, both domestic and foreign. In recognition of his scientific services the school authorities elected him in 1897 to the principalship of the schools where he had taught so long and so successfully.

The following is a list of Mr. Limpricht's bryological labors:

1. Bryotheca Silesiaca (Exsiccati of Silesian Mosses). Fasc. I-VII, Nos. 1-350. Bunzlau and Breslau, 1866-1871.
2. Schlesien's Laub-und Lebermoose, nebst Nachträgen. (Mosses and Liverworts of Silesia, with Supplement.) In F. Cohn; Kryptogamen-Flora. Bd. 1, pp. 27-352, and pp. 413-444. Breslau, 1877. (358 pages).
3. Laubmoose Deutschland's, Oesterreich's und der Schweiz. Bd. IV. von Rabenhorst's Kryptogamen-Flora, 2 Aufl., 1890-1902.

It is this latter work especially, its quality of scientific poise as well as its contents, that has placed American as well as all other bryologists under a debt of obligation to the author, and that makes us all wish to know more about him. Besides these, his principal works, the following are his briefer papers:

1. *Beitrag zur Bryologischen Kenntniss der Grossen Schneegrube und der Kesselkoppe*, in "Jahresberichte der Schlesischen Gesellschaft für vaterländische Cultur," 44th year, pp. 139-146, Breslau, 1867.
2. *Ueber das Vorkommen der Lebermoose im Schlesisch-maehrischen Gesenke*, in l. c., 49th year, pp. 75-81, Breslau, 1872.
3. *Ueber die Moosflora der Oberschlesischen Muschelkalkhuegel*, in l. c. 50th year, pp. 96-97, 1873.
4. *Nachtraege zu J. Milde's Bryologia Silesiaca*, in l. c., 50th year, pp. 124-140, 1873.
5. *Ueber die Moosvegetation der Babiagora*, in l. c., 51st year, pp. 77-78, 1874.
6. *Ueber die Laubmoose der Hohen Tatra*, in l. c., 52d year, pp. 92-94, 1875.
7. *Novitaeten aus der Laubmoos-Flora der Hohen Tatra*, in l. c., 52d year, pp. 130-132, 1875.
8. *Die Lebermoose der Hohen Tatra*, in l. c., 54th year, pp. 143-152, 1877.
9. *Ueber die Moosflora der Insel Bornholm*, in l. c., 57th year, pp. 272-273, 1880.
10. *Neue und Kritische Lebermoose*, in l. c., 57th year pp. 311-317, 1880.
11. *Neue Buerger der Schlesischen Moosflora*, in l. c., 57th year, p. 310, 1880.
12. *Ueber Neue Arten und Formen der Gattung Sarcoscyphus Corda*, in l. c., 58th year, pp. 179-184, 1881.
13. *Ueber Neue Muscineen fuer Schlesien*, in l. c., 58th year, pp. 184-186, 1881.
14. *Einige Neue Funde aus der Schlesischen Moosflora*, in l. c., 59th year, pp. 278-9, 1882.
15. *Ueber Sphagnum, Myurella und Fontinalis*, in l. c., 59th year, p. 317, 1882.
16. *Einige Neue Laubmoose*, in l. c., 60th year, p. 214, 1883.
17. *Neue Buerger der Schlesischen Moosflora*, in l. c., 60th year, pp. 242-3, 1883.
18. *Moose aus Norwegen*, in l. c., 61st year, p. 175, 1884.
19. *Die Moose im Sorbusguertel des Riesengebirges*, in l. c., 61st year, p. 24, 1884.

20. *Ueber Einige Neue Arten und Formen bei den Laub-und Lebermoosen*, in l. c., 61st year, pp. 204-225, 1884.
21. *Ueber Tuepfelbildung bei Laubmoosen*, in l. c., 62d year, p. 289, 1885.
22. *Ueber Porenbildung in der Stengelrinde von Sphagnum*, in l. c., 63d year, p. 199, 1886.
23. *Ueber Neue Buerger der Schlesischen Moosflora*, in l. c., 63d year, p. 214-5, 1886.
24. *Ueber Th. Guembel, Beitræge zur Entwicklungsgeschichte der Laubmoose*, in l. c., 65th year, p. 258, 1888.
25. *Ueber Neue Laubmoose*, in l. c., 68th year, p. 93, 1891.
26. *Drei Neue Laubmoose*, in l. c., 47th year, 5 pages, 1897.
27. *Zur Systematik der Torfmoose*. in "Botanisches Centralblatt, von Uhlworm," Cassel: First paper, Bd. VII, No. 36, pp. 411-319, 1881; Second paper, Bd. X, No. 6, 1882.
28. *Besprechung von W. Ph. Schimper's Synopsis Muscorum Europæorum*, in "Flora oder Regensburger Botanische Zeitung," 9 pages, 1876.
29. *Die Deutschen Sauteria Formen*, in l. c., No. 6, 4 pages, 1880.
30. *Ueber Gymnomitrium adustum, N. v. E.*, in l. c., No. 5, 7 pages, 1881.
31. *Ueber Eine Verschollene Jungermannia*, in l. c., No. 3, 4 pages, 1882.
32. *Neue Kritische Laubmoose*, in l. c., No. 13, 5 pages, 1882.
33. *Nekrolog auf Professor J. Milde*, in "Hedwigia von L. Rabenhorst," Dresden, bei Heinrich, No. 10, 4 pages, 1871.
34. *Ueber Leptotrichum sonatum*, in l. c., No. 12, 2 pages, 1872.
35. *Schlesische Lebermoose*, in l. c., No. 2, 3 pages, 1876.
36. *Auf der Schlesisch-maerkischen Grenze. Ein Bryologischer Beitrag*, in "Verhandlungen des Botanischen Verein's der Provinz Brandenburg," Bd. IX, No. 108-116, 1967.
37. *Reviews of the entire Moss Literature in the years 1875-8*, in "L. Just; Botanischer Jahresbericht," Berlin, bei Bornträger, Bd. VI, 1876-1881.
38. *Ueber Laub-und Lebermoose* in "den Berichten der Deutscher Botanischen Gesellschaft," Bd. III, Heft II, 1881. (Also a review).

These constitute the numerous bryological writings of Limpricht. He explored personally the Mossflora of Silesia (Riesengebirge), of the Karpapthen (Tatra), and the Islands of Bornholm. It is strange that the *Revue Bryologique* failed to give a hint as to the richness of this author's productiveness, which led me to suppose that he published little, concentrating all his energies in his *Laubmoose*. It is true, however, that most, if not all of his productions antedate his labor on his monumental work.

Winona, Dec. 15th, 1902.

THE MOSSES OF ALASKA.

BY J. CARDOT AND I. THERIOT.

This is No. XXIX. of the "Papers from the Harriman Alaska Expedition." It is published in the "Proceedings of the Washington Academy of